

House FY 2014 Budget Resolution

Impact on Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I, Part A)



| FY 2014 | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| State | Funding Cut (in millions) | Students Affected | Potential Job Losses |
| Alabama | \$45.5 | 86,760 | 740 |
| Alaska | 7.9 | 8,770 | 70 |
| Arizona | 65.5 | 69,500 | 1,020 |
| Arkansas | 30.6 | 54,510 | 370 |
| California | 328.2 | 701,730 | 3,270 |
| Colorado | 29.6 | 40,540 | 420 |
| Connecticut | 23.3 | 21,560 | 240 |
| Delaware | 8.8 | 15,390 | 90 |
| District of Columbia | 8.9 | 13,110 | 70 |
| Florida | 151.2 | 264,130 | 2,630 |
| Georgia | 103.9 | 197,360 | 1,590 |
| Hawaii | 10.7 | 21,480 | 120 |
| Idaho | 11.5 | 16,500 | 180 |
| Illinois | 132.6 | 154,460 | 1,290 |
| Indiana | 53.0 | 46,450 | 760 |
| Iowa | 17.9 | 19,760 | 270 |
| Kansas | 20.7 | 25,620 | 390 |
| Kentucky | 44.4 | 78,130 | 800 |
| Louisiana | 59.0 | 96,770 | 920 |
| Maine | 10.3 | 6,200 | 140 |
| Maryland | 39.3 | 32,030 | 380 |
| Massachusetts | 43.6 | 61,450 | 440 |
| Michigan | 107.0 | 119,950 | 1,190 |
| Minnesota | 30.4 | 33,370 | 370 |
| Mississippi | 36.5 | 77,220 | 560 |
| Missouri | 47.5 | 67,210 | 700 |
| Montana | 8.9 | 11,450 | 140 |
| Nebraska | 13.5 | 24,490 | 220 |
| Nevada | 22.2 | 33,610 | 270 |
| New Hampshire | 8.2 | 4,730 | 110 |
| New Jersey | 58.1 | 76,080 | 510 |
| New Mexico | 23.9 | 46,700 | 340 |
| New York | 224.5 | 369,920 | 1,990 |
| North Carolina | 80.9 | 119,610 | 1,350 |
| North Dakota | 6.7 | 5,200 | 100 |
| Ohio | 115.6 | 157,070 | 1,410 |
| Oklahoma | 30.5 | 80,400 | 470 |
| Oregon | 31.1 | 40,300 | 350 |
| Pennsylvania | 111.7 | 121,870 | 1,240 |
| Rhode Island | 9.9 | 12,050 | 90 |
| South Carolina | 44.0 | 53,840 | 680 |
| South Dakota | 8.5 | 7,650 | 150 |
| Tennessee | 55.7 | 122,190 | 900 |
| Texas | 276.2 | 700,930 | 5,070 |
| Utah | 18.3 | 25,030 | 290 |
| Vermont | 6.6 | 10,270 | 90 |
| Virginia | 47.5 | 46,060 | 710 |
| Washington | 42.7 | 40,970 | 440 |
| West Virginia | 19.0 | 25,390 | 230 |
| Wisconsin | 43.6 | 53,470 | 480 |
| Wyoming | 6.7 | 4,430 | 90 |
| Puerto Rico | 91.7 | 99,830 | 1,670 |
| Outlying Areas/Indian Tribes | 29.0 | 10,190 | 460 |
| Other | 0.0 | - | - |
| National | \$2,903.3 | 4,633,690 | 38,870 |

According to an analysis by the Center on Budget & Policy Priorities, the House budget resolution would cut nondefense discretionary funding by 20 percent in fiscal year 2014 from the Budget Control Act cap level, pre-sequestration, adjusted for current policy. As is their nature, budget resolutions do not specify funding levels for individual programs, which is the province of appropriators. Instead, budget resolutions set overall revenue and spending limits and make assumptions as to how those limits will be met. As a result, NEA assumes the proposed cut in 2014 would be distributed equally across all nondefense discretionary programs. The cut is calculated from the 2012 operating level since appropriations for fiscal year 2013 are not final. No additional adjustments have been made to the 2012 operating level. It is important to note that if appropriators would choose to cut the Title I program by less than 20 percent, then other programs would have to be cut at a greater rate to remain within the spending limits established by the budget resolution.

Source: NEA estimates based on data from the U.S. Department of Education Budget Service and an analysis by the Center on Budget & Policy Priorities. For more information, contact Tom Zembar at 202.822.7109 or TZembar@nea.org. As of March 14, 2013.